118TH CONGRESS 2D Session



To mandate the use of artificial intelligence by Federal agencies to adapt to extreme weather, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SCHATZ introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To mandate the use of artificial intelligence by Federal agencies to adapt to extreme weather, and for other purposes.

1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-

2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the 5 "Transformational Artificial Intelligence to Modernize the

6 Economy against Extreme Weather Act" or the "TAME

7 Extreme Weather Act".

8 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

9 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Definitions. α

Sec. 3. Purpose.

TITLE I—MATTERS RELATING TO THE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Earth system reanalysis.
- Sec. 103. Advanced artificial intelligence applications for weather.
- Sec. 104. Technical assistance on use of artificial intelligence weather models.
- Sec. 105. Fire combustion modeling program.
- Sec. 106. Emissions monitoring and analysis program.
- Sec. 107. Partnerships for transformational innovation.
- Sec. 108. Retention of Federal Government expertise.
- Sec. 109. National security.

TITLE II—MATTERS RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Sec. 201. Deforestation and illegal wood products.

TITLE III—MATTERS RELATING TO THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

- Sec. 301. Secretary defined.
- Sec. 302. Grid and transmission optimization.
- Sec. 303. Preparation of environmental review documents.

TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 401. Authorization of appropriations.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3 (1) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—

- 4 (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "artificial in-5 telligence" means a machine-based system that 6 can, for a given set of human-defined objectives, 7 make predictions, recommendations, or deci-8 sions influencing real or virtual environments, 9 including by using machine-based and human-10 based inputs—
- (i) to abstract those perceptions into
 models through analysis in an automated
 manner; and

1	(ii) to use model inferences to formu-
2	late options for information or action.
3	(B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "artificial in-
4	telligence" includes machine learning, neural
5	networks, and natural language processing.
6	(2) CURATE.—The term "curate" means to col-
7	lect and maintain a dataset—
8	(A) to ensure its quality;
9	(B) to provide metadata on its provenance;
10	and
11	(C) to update the dataset periodically, as
12	practicable.
13	(3) OPEN LICENSE.—The term "open license"
14	has the meaning given that term in section $3502(21)$
15	of title 44, United States Code.
16	(4) TRAINING DATASET.—The term "training
17	dataset" means a dataset used to train an artificial
18	intelligence.
19	SEC. 3. PURPOSE.
20	The purpose of this Act is to mandate the use of arti-
21	ficial intelligence by Federal agencies to adapt to extreme
22	weather by—
23	(1) improving weather forecasts;
24	(2) increasing the resilience of electrical grids
25	and transmission;

(3) strengthening analytic capacity to guide
 where to deploy resources to respond to and mitigate
 harm from extreme weather; and
 (4) strengthening public-private partnerships in

5 highly technical, high-risk, and high-reward fields.

6 TITLE I—MATTERS RELATING 7 TO THE NATIONAL OCEANIC 8 AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINIS9 TRATION

10 SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.

11 In this title:

12 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis13 trator" means the Administrator of the National
14 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

(2) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WEATHER
MODEL.—The term "artificial intelligence weather
model" means a weather model based primarily on
artificial intelligence technology to project future
Earth system conditions based on machine learning
from an Earth system reanalysis dataset.

(3) EARTH SYSTEM REANALYSIS DATASET.—
The term "Earth system reanalysis dataset" means
a dataset that contains continuous global observational data and synthetic data for Earth system
variables relevant to weather forecasting.

1 (4) ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION SERVICES 2 WORKING GROUP.—The term "Environmental Infor-3 mation Services Working Group" means the Envi-4 ronmental Information Services Working Group es-5 tablished under section 401 of the Weather Research 6 and Forecasting Innovation Act of 2017 (15 U.S.C. 7 8541), or any similar successor working group. 8 (5) NUMERICAL WEATHER MODEL.—The term 9 "numerical weather model" means a weather model 10 based primarily on atmospheric physics and that 11 uses numerical computation to forecast future Earth

12 system conditions.

13 (6) OBSERVATIONAL DATA.—The term "obser14 vational data" means data from actual observations
15 of environmental conditions.

16 (7) REFORECAST ANALYSIS.—The term "refore17 cast analysis" means the assessment of a numerical
18 weather model or artificial intelligence weather
19 model by comparing model output and observational
20 data over a period of time in the past.

(8) SYNTHETIC DATA.—The term "synthetic
data" means data produced from a model or statistical method in order to fill gaps in observational
data.

1 SEC. 102. EARTH SYSTEM REANALYSIS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than two years after the 3 date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, the Adminis-4 5 trator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Director of the National Science Foundation, the 6 7 Director of the National Center for Atmospheric Research, 8 the Environmental Information Services Working Group, 9 and such other technical experts as the Administrator con-10 siders appropriate, develop and curate an Earth system 11 reanalysis dataset that creates a long-term record of past weather in support of— 12

13 (1) furthering the understanding of weather;

14 (2) advancing the science of weather fore15 casting, including seasonal and subseasonal fore16 casting; and

17 (3) developing artificial intelligence weather18 forecasting applications.

(b) USE OF EXISTING DATASETS.—In order to speed
the development of the Earth system reanalysis dataset
required under subsection (a), the Administrator shall assess, and to the greatest extent practicable build on, existing Earth system reanalysis datasets of the Federal Government.

25 (c) Artificial Intelligence Weather Model.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this section,
 the Administrator, in consultation with the Environ mental Information Services Working Group, may
 develop and test a national weather model based on
 artificial intelligence technologies.

6 (2) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the 7 date of the enactment of this Act. and not less fre-8 quently than annually thereafter, the Administrator 9 shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, 10 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the 11 Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the 12 House of Representatives a report on the activities 13 conducted under paragraph (1).

(d) COOPERATIVE INSTITUTES AND CONTRACTING
AUTHORITY.—In carrying out this section, subject to the
availability of appropriations, the Administrator may competitively award contracts, increase the scope of existing
cooperative institutes of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or competitively award a new cooperative institute.

(e) PUBLIC ACCESS.—Subject to section 109, the Administrator shall make available to the public, at no cost
and with no restrictions on copying, publishing, distributing, citing, adapting, or otherwise using under an open
license, the Earth system reanalysis dataset developed

under subsection (a) and the code for the artificial intel ligence weather model developed under subsection (c).

3 (f) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT.—The Administrator
4 shall develop and disseminate best practices to minimize
5 environmental impacts from the use of artificial intel6 ligence technology to carry out this section.

7 (g) CONTINUED SUPPORT FOR OBSERVATIONS,
8 BASIC RESEARCH, AND NUMERICAL WEATHER MOD9 ELS.—Notwithstanding the requirements of this section,
10 the Administrator shall continue to support and advance
11 the activities of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
12 Administration—

(1) to collect and acquire observational data relevant for artificial intelligence and numerical weather forecasting;

16 (2) to advance research on the Earth system17 and numerical weather forecasting;

18 (3) to develop and advance numerical weather19 modeling;

20 (4) to identify and acquire novel observational
21 data shown to improve artificial intelligence and nu22 merical weather forecasting; and

23 (5) to improve data assimilation techniques.

1	SEC. 103. ADVANCED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE APPLICA-
2	TIONS FOR WEATHER.
3	The Administrator shall explore advanced applica-
4	tions of artificial intelligence to improve weather forecasts,
5	such as by—
6	(1) improving data assimilation;
7	(2) accounting for Earth system processes that
8	cause model areas, such as cloud cover, ocean ed-
9	dies, and photosynthesis; and
10	(3) using artificial intelligence weather models
11	to quickly emulate running numerical weather mod-
12	els to assess and improve the confidence in and reli-
13	ability of weather forecasts.
14	SEC. 104. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON USE OF ARTIFICIAL
14 15	SEC. 104. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE ON USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS.
15	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS.
15 16 17	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly
15 16 17	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti-
15 16 17 18	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti- ficial intelligence weather models in order to provide—
15 16 17 18 19	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti- ficial intelligence weather models in order to provide— (1) technical assistance on using such models;
15 16 17 18 19 20	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti- ficial intelligence weather models in order to provide— (1) technical assistance on using such models; (2) best practices on providing forecasts based
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti- ficial intelligence weather models in order to provide— (1) technical assistance on using such models; (2) best practices on providing forecasts based on outputs from both artificial intelligence weather
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti- ficial intelligence weather models in order to provide— (1) technical assistance on using such models; (2) best practices on providing forecasts based on outputs from both artificial intelligence weather models and numerical weather models; and
 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall regularly inventory and assess major non-Federal Government arti- ficial intelligence weather models in order to provide— (1) technical assistance on using such models; (2) best practices on providing forecasts based on outputs from both artificial intelligence weather models and numerical weather models; and (3) support for emergency managers to make

1	(b) Reforecast Analysis.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
3	support the development of a common framework for
4	the assessment of numerical weather models and ar-
5	tificial intelligence weather models through refore-
6	cast analysis and such other methodologies as the
7	Administrator considers appropriate.
8	(2) Best practices.—In carrying out this
9	subsection, the Administrator may develop and dis-
10	seminate best practices in collaboration with—
11	(A) the National Institute for Standards
12	and Technology, the National Aeronautics and
13	Space Administration, the National Science
14	Foundation, and the Department of Energy;
15	(B) academic and research institutions;
16	and
17	(C) the private sector.
18	(3) Public availability of dataset.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may
20	make available to the public, as the Adminis-
21	trator determines appropriate and subject to
22	section 109, at no cost and with no restrictions
23	on copying, publishing, distributing, citing,
24	adapting, or otherwise using under an open li-

1	cense, any reforecast dataset developed under
2	this subsection.
3	(B) DETERMINATION.—In determining
4	whether to make a reforecast dataset public
5	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator
6	shall consider factors such as—
7	(i) the difficulty of replicating the re-
8	forecast dataset; and
9	(ii) the utility of the reforecast
10	dataset to non-Federal partners of the Na-
11	tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
12	tration.
13	(4) Report on use of analysis to improve
14	MODELS.—Not later than one year after the date of
15	the enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
16	submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
17	Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
18	Science, Space, and Technology of the House of
19	Representatives a report on the feasibility of using
20	reforecast analysis techniques to improve seasonal
21	and subseasonal models.
22	(c) WARNING COORDINATION METEOROLOGISTS AND
23	REGIONAL FORECAST OFFICES.—In carrying out this sec-
24	tion, the Administrator shall provide technical assistance,
25	best practices, and support required under subsection (a)

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through the warning coordination meteorologists and
 weather forecast offices of the National Oceanic and At mospheric Administration.

4 (d) INDEPENDENT STUDY ON THE IMPACTS OF ARTI-5 FICIAL INTELLIGENCE WEATHER MODELS.—The Admin-6 istrator may enter into an agreement with the National 7 Academy of Sciences to assess the impacts of artificial in-8 telligence weather models on the weather enterprise and 9 make recommendations to improve the integration of such 10 models in operational forecasting.

11 SEC. 105. FIRE COMBUSTION MODELING PROGRAM.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the 13 date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of the Interior, the Sec-14 15 retary of Agriculture, the Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Secretary of 16 17 Energy, the Director of the National Science Foundation, the Director of the National Center for Atmospheric Re-18 19 search, the Environmental Information Services Working 20 Group, and such other technical experts as the Adminis-21 trator considers appropriate, shall develop a program to 22 use artificial intelligence to analyze available data on the 23 built and natural environments in order to—

24 (1) warn and protect at-risk communities, fire-25 fighters, and other responders;

(2) detect wildfires as early as possible; and
 (3) forecast wildfire propagation and combus tion risks based on an analysis of the availability of
 combustible materials in the built and natural envi ronments.

6 (b) TRAINING DATASET.—In carrying out this sec-7 tion, the Administrator shall gather observational data 8 and synthetic data on the built and natural environments 9 collected across the Federal Government to develop and 10 curate a related training dataset for purposes of training 11 the artificial intelligence technology used in furtherance 12 of this section.

(c) DATA ACQUISITION.—In carrying out this section,
the Administrator may contract to acquire relevant data.
(d) WEATHER INTEGRATION.—In carrying out this
section, the Administrator shall integrate outputs from
weather and other environmental models and data.

(e) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT.—The Administrator
shall develop and disseminate best practices to minimize
environmental impacts from the use of artificial intelligence technology to carry out this section.

(f) PUBLIC ACCESS.—Subject to section 109, the Administrator shall make available to the public, at no-cost
and with no restrictions on copying, publishing, distributing, citing, adapting, or otherwise using under an open

license, the code for the artificial intelligence used under
 subsection (a) and the training dataset developed under
 subsection (b).

4 SEC. 106. EMISSIONS MONITORING AND ANALYSIS PRO-5 GRAM.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the 7 date of the enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in 8 consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental 9 Protection Agency, the Administrator of the National Aer-10 onautics and Space Administration, the Secretary of Energy, the Director of the National Science Foundation, the 11 12 Director of the National Center for Atmospheric Research, 13 the Environmental Information Services Working Group, and such other technical experts as the Administrator con-14 15 siders appropriate, shall develop a program to use artificial intelligence to analyze global atmospheric observations 16 in order to— 17

18 (1) improve atmospheric dispersion models;

- 19 (2) detect leaks from fuel transmission infra-20 structure;
- 21 (3) detect, monitor, and track smoke and other
 22 emissions from wildfires;
- 23 (4) identify significant changes in global green-24 house gas emissions;

(5) infer the geographical and production
 sources of emissions; and

3 (6) support the enforcement of applicable do-4 mestic and international laws.

5 (b) LAW ENFORCEMENT.—The Administrator shall
6 collaborate with Federal, international, State, local, and
7 Tribal law enforcement entities to ensure the program de8 veloped under subsection (a) delivers outputs that support
9 law enforcement activities.

10 (c) TRAINING DATASET.—In carrying out this section, the Administrator shall gather observational data 11 12 and synthetic data on the atmosphere and its chemical 13 components collected across the Federal Government to develop, curate, and regularly update a global atmospheric 14 15 chemistry training dataset for purposes of training the artificial intelligence technology used in furtherance of this 16 17 section.

18 (d) DATA ACQUISITION.—In carrying out this sec-19 tion, the Administrator—

20 (1) shall seek to negotiate with foreign govern-21 ments for access to relevant data; and

22 (2) may contract to acquire relevant data.

23 (e) ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT.—The Administrator24 shall develop and disseminate best practices to minimize

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environmental impacts from the use of artificial intel ligence technology to carry out this section.

3 (f) PUBLIC ACCESS.—Subject to section 109, the Ad4 ministrator shall make available to the public, at no-cost
5 and with no restrictions on copying, publishing, distrib6 uting, citing, adapting, or otherwise using under an open
7 license, the code for the artificial intelligence used under
8 subsection (a) and the training dataset developed under
9 subsection (c).

10sec. 107. partnerships for transformational inno-11vation.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall explore
novel structures for partnerships with private entities and
academic entities for transformative innovation in weather
forecasting and other environmental forecasts in order
to—

17 (1) further the understanding of weather;

(2) advance the science of weather forecasting,
including seasonal and subseasonal forecasting; and
(3) develop artificial intelligence weather forecasting applications.

(b) CO-INVESTMENT.—In carrying out this section,
subject to applicable law, the Administrator shall consider
and adopt novel co-investment strategies with the private
sector and academic sector, including—

1 (1) non-Federal Government contributions to 2 resource and support high-risk, high-return research 3 and development in environmental forecasting, data 4 science, artificial intelligence, and related fields; 5 (2) shared rights to intellectual property from 6 research and development activities under this sec-7 tion; and 8 (3) other approaches to sharing resources and 9 results under this section. 10 SEC. 108. RETENTION OF FEDERAL GOVERNMENT EXPER-11 TISE. 12 Subject to applicable law, the Administrator shall 13 consider methods to recruit and retain expert personnel 14 to support activities under this title, including methods to 15 be competitive with salaries outside the Federal Government. 16 17 SEC. 109. NATIONAL SECURITY. 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provi-19 sion of this title, the Administrator, in consultation with 20 the Secretary of Defense, as appropriate, may withhold 21 any model, code, or data developed or used under this title

22 if the Administrator determines doing so to be necessary23 to protect the national security interests of the United24 States.

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this title
 shall be construed to supersede any other provision of law
 governing the protection of the national security interests
 of the United States.

5 TITLE II—MATTERS RELATING 6 TO THE DEPARTMENT OF AG7 RICULTURE

8 SEC. 201. DEFORESTATION AND ILLEGAL WOOD PRODUCTS.

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the 10 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture 11 (referred to in this section as the "Secretary"), acting 12 through the Administrator of the Animal and Plant 13 Health Inspection Service, shall develop a program (referred to in this section as the "program") to use artificial 14 15 intelligence to analyze available environmental, commercial, law enforcement, and related data— 16

- 17 (1) to expand and improve global observations18 of forested lands;
- 19 (2) to detect changes in the amount of forested20 lands globally;
- 21 (3) to infer the causes of the changes described22 in paragraph (2);
- 23 (4) to analyze past patterns in the movement of24 illegal wood products;

1	(5) to predict future movements of illegal wood
2	products;
3	(6) to support the efficient deployment of inter-
4	national and domestic law enforcement assets to pre-
5	vent the movement of illegal wood products;
6	(7) to analyze how the movement of illegal wood
7	products is affected by the deployment of law en-
8	forcement assets described in paragraph (6); and
9	(8) to accomplish other related purposes.
10	(b) BEST PRACTICES.—The Secretary shall develop
11	and disseminate best practices for minimizing the environ-
12	mental impacts of the use of artificial intelligence tech-
13	nology under this section.
14	(c) TRAINING DATASET.—In carrying out the pro-
15	gram, the Secretary, acting through the Administrator of
16	the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, shall col-
17	lect and curate a training dataset, which shall source
18	from—
19	(1) the domestic and foreign intelligence com-
20	munities;
21	(2) satellite imagery;
22	(3) acoustic monitoring of forest habitats;
23	(4) data from Federal law enforcement agen-
24	cies;

(5) to the extent practicable, foreign govern ments; and

3 (6) other relevant data, as determined by the4 Secretary.

5 (d) CONTRACTS FOR ADDITIONAL DATA.—Subject to
6 the availability of appropriations, the Secretary may enter
7 into contracts to acquire additional relevant data to carry
8 out the program.

9 (e) INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall seek to
11 enter into agreements with foreign governments to
12 share relevant data and artificial intelligence anal13 ysis for enforcing international and domestic laws
14 prohibiting the trade of illegal wood products.

15 (2) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary 16 may provide technical assistance to a foreign govern-17 ment with which the Secretary has an agreement 18 under paragraph (1) to increase the capacity of the 19 foreign government to participate in intelligence 20 sharing and law enforcement activities relating to 21 the trade of illegal wood products.

1 TITLE III—MATTERS RELATING 2 TO THE DEPARTMENT OF EN 3 ERGY

4 SEC. 301. SECRETARY DEFINED.

5 In this title, the term "Secretary" means the Sec-6 retary of Energy.

7 SEC. 302. GRID AND TRANSMISSION OPTIMIZATION.

8 (a) Establishment of Program.—

9 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consulta-10 tion with the Chairman of the Federal Energy Regu-11 latory Commission, shall establish a program (re-12 ferred to in this section as the "program") to use 13 artificial intelligence to optimize energy grids and 14 transmission—

- 15 (A) to minimize the loss of electrical en-16 ergy;
- 17 (B) to stabilize energy flows to minimize18 power outages and power surges;

19 (C) to compensate for variability in energy20 production;

21 (D) to maximize the efficient use of new22 energy sources; and

23 (E) to account for other factors, as appro-24 priate.

1	(2) DEADLINE.—The program shall be estab-
2	lished not later than 1 year after the later of—
3	(A) the date on which the report required
4	under section 5.2(g)(i) of Executive Order
5	14110 (88 Fed. Reg. 75191; relating to safe,
6	secure, and trustworthy development and use of
7	artificial intelligence) is issued; and
8	(B) the date of enactment of this Act.
9	(b) TRAINING DATASET.—In establishing and car-
10	rying out the program, the Secretary shall collect data on
11	electrical production, transmission, use, and other factors,
12	as appropriate, to gather and curate a regularly updated
13	dataset for purposes of training artificial intelligence tech-
14	nology used in furtherance of the program.
15	(c) DATA ACQUISITION.—The Secretary may con-
16	tract to acquire relevant data for purposes of this section.
17	(d) PUBLIC ACCESS.—Subject to subsection (e), the
18	Secretary shall make available to the public, at no cost
19	and with no restrictions on copying, publishing, distrib-
20	uting, citing, adapting, or otherwise using under an open
21	license—
22	(1) the code for any artificial intelligence devel-
23	oped in furtherance of the program; and
24	(2) the training dataset curated under sub-
25	section (b).

1	(e) NATIONAL SECURITY.—
2	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
3	provision of this section, the Secretary may withhold
4	any model, code, or data from disclosure under sub-
5	section (d) or any other law if the Secretary, in con-
6	sultation with the Secretary of Defense, as appro-
7	priate, determines that withholding the model, code,
8	or data is necessary to protect—
9	(A) the national security interests of the
10	United States; or
11	(B) the security of the electrical grids or
12	transmission systems of the United States.
13	(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
14	section supersedes any other provision of law gov-
15	erning the protection of the national security inter-
16	ests of the United States.
17	SEC. 303. PREPARATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW
18	DOCUMENTS.
19	(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
20	(1) NATIONAL ACADEMIES.—The term "Na-
21	tional Academies" means the National Academies of
22	Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine.
23	(2) NEPA; IMPACTS; MAJOR FEDERAL AC-
24	TION.—The terms "NEPA", "impacts", and "major
25	Federal action" have the meanings given those

terms in section 1508.1 of title 40, Code of Federal
 Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment
 of this Act).

4 (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—Not later than
5 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec6 retary shall establish a program (referred to in this section
7 as the "program")—

8 (1) to use artificial intelligence, including large
9 language models, to assist in the preparation of doc10 uments to comply with NEPA;

(2) to provide ready access to publicly filed
NEPA compliance documents to further support the
development of documents to comply with NEPA;
and

(3) to assess the reliability of outputs from the
artificial intelligence used under paragraph (1), including the viability of using those outputs to support compliance with NEPA.

(c) BEST PRACTICES.—The Secretary shall develop
and disseminate best practices for minimizing the environmental impacts of the use of artificial intelligence technology under this section.

23 (d) TRAINING DATASET.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—In establishing and carrying
25 out the program, the Secretary shall gather and cu-

1	rate a training dataset of publicly filed NEPA com-
2	pliance documents relating to—
3	(A) the mission of the Department of En-
4	ergy; and
5	(B) any related statutory authorities.
6	(2) Incorporation of Metadata.—The
7	training dataset described in paragraph (1) may in-
8	corporate metadata, as appropriate to aid in car-
9	rying out subsection (f).
10	(e) Implementation and Scope.—In carrying out
11	this section, the Secretary—
12	(1) shall adopt an incremental approach, with
13	utilization by a limited number of participants and
14	careful assessment, to ensure—
15	(A) the viability of the artificial intelligence
16	technology used for purposes of the program;
17	and
18	(B) compliance with all applicable environ-
19	mental statutes, rules, regulations, and inter-
20	national laws; and
21	(2) may broaden the scope of the program to
22	include the application of artificial intelligence tech-
23	nology to assist with the preparation of other envi-
24	ronmental compliance documents, subject to all ap-

1	plicable environmental statutes, rules, regulations,
2	and international laws.
3	(f) PUBLIC ACCESS.—The Secretary shall make
4	available to the public, at no cost and with no restrictions
5	on copying, publishing, distributing, citing, adapting, or
6	otherwise using under an open license—
7	(1) the code for any artificial intelligence devel-
8	oped in furtherance of the program;
9	(2) the training dataset curated under sub-
10	section (d); and
11	(3) the particular NEPA documents used in the
12	training dataset curated under subsection (d), which
13	shall be searchable, at a minimum, by—
14	(A) project name;
15	(B) geography;
16	(C) keywords;
17	(D) type of major Federal action; and
18	(E) other parameters, as appropriate or
19	convenient.
20	(g) Program Review.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after
22	the date on which the program is established, the
23	Secretary shall enter into a contract with the Na-
24	tional Academies to assess—

1	(A) the program, including a comparison
2	of the efficacy, accuracy, and speed of pre-
3	paring comparable documents using the artifi-
4	cial intelligence described in subsection (b) and
5	traditional methods;
6	(B) the training dataset curated under
7	subsection (d); and
8	(C) any artificial intelligence developed in
9	furtherance of the program.
10	(2) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the as-
11	sessment under paragraph (1), the National Acad-
12	emies shall consider—
13	(A) the legal viability of the NEPA compli-
14	ance documents prepared using—
15	(i) an artificial intelligence developed
16	under this section; or
17	(ii) the training dataset curated under
18	subsection (d); and
19	(B) the capacity of the program—
20	(i) to take into account the unique
21	cultural concerns regarding impacts to spe-
22	cific sites and communities from a major
23	Federal action; and
24	(ii) to avoid bias arising from the lim-
25	itations of the training dataset.

1	(3) Recommendations.—In carrying out the
2	assessment under paragraph (1), the National Acad-
3	emies shall issue recommendations on how the Sec-
4	retary may improve—
5	(A) the artificial intelligence; and
6	(B) the curation of the training dataset
7	under subsection (d).
8	(h) SAVINGS PROVISION.—Nothing in this section
9	shall—
10	(1) limit or modify any applicable environ-
11	mental law; or
12	(2) affect compliance of applications for permits
13	and other permissions with all applicable statutes,
14	rules, regulations, and international laws.
15	TITLE IV—AUTHORIZATION OF
16	APPROPRIATIONS
17	SEC. 401. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
18	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
19	as are necessary to carry out this Act.